

All Workshop Results

of the Third AIED Workshop on
"Ethical AI and Education"
at 26th International AIED Conference 2025
prepared by Dr. Christian M. Stracke

The program including the presentation and all results of the workshop are published on:

http://aied2025.learning-innovations.eu

Ethical AI and Education: The need for international regulation to foster human rights, democracy and equity

Tuesday, 22nd of July 2025 in Palermo, Italy

Meet the Organizers



Christian M. Stracke University of Bonn, Germany



Beth Havinga European EdTech Alliance, Germany



Wayne Holmes University College London, UK



Ron Salaj University of Turin, Italy



Introductory speech by

hmet Murat KILIÇ

Head of the Digital Transformation Unit, Education Department, Council of Europe

Workshop at AIED 2025 in Palermo, Italy https://aied2025.learning-innovations.eu



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Workshop Overview

Workshop sessions: Overview

Sessions	Agenda Item	Duration (minutes)
1. Start	Welcome to the workshop	20'
	Introduction to the CoE work on AIED	10'
	Discussion of two questions (Q1 and Q4)	30'
	Summarising participants' input and wrap up	30'
2. World Café	Introduction to the World Café	5'
	First round of group discussions	25'
	Second round of group discussions	25'
	Third round of group discussions	25'
3. Plenary	Results from the group tables	30'
4. Closing	Collecting participants' input for future CoE work	15'
	Envisioning future steps and directions	10'

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Session 1: Intro & Scene Setting

Q1. Which regulations of AI and education do you know?

Q2. Which guidelines for AI and education have you to follow?

Session 2: World Café

Procedure at the tables:

- 1. Reading the open question and clarifying it
- 2. Collecting contributions (= answers) on the question as post-it at a flipchart or on a notebook
- **3. Sorting** of all collected contributions in open discussion and clustering them

Document your results & send them to stracke@uni-bonn.de

Session 3: Plenary

Presenting the sorted and clustered contributions

Discussing and reflecting them

Session 4: Closing

Collecting & documenting participants' input for the future work of the Council of Europe and its AI&ED Expert Group

Envisioning & defining next steps, directions and activities

Concluding with a wrap up

Workshop Results

Workshop Session 1: Start

AI&ED Expert Group by CoE



https://opening-up.education/artificial-intelligence-and-education

Draft Resolution 3 on harnessing the potential of digital transformation in and through education

We, Ministers responsible for Education, meeting in Strasbourg, France, for the 26th Session of the Council of Europe Standing Conference on 28-29 September 2023:

- 8. WELCOME the development of (i) a legally-binding instrument* on the use of Artificial Intelligence systems in education to protect and promote human rights, democracy and the rule of law;
- Also WELCOME the development of (ii) a recommendation to ensure that teaching and learning about Al incorporates the impact of Al on human rights, democracy and the rule of law and prioritises the active participation and agency of teachers and learners;

Protection of Individuals with regard to Automatic Processing of Personal Data (ETS No. 108), other relevant international and European conventions;

c. the Recommendation CM/Rec(2019)10 of the Committee of Ministers to member States on developing and promoting digital citizenship education, Recommendation

AI&ED Expert Group by CoE





Council of Europe Standing Conference of Ministers of Education

REGULATING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN EDUCATION

1. Why regulate Artificial Intelligence in Education?

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is a rapidly evolving and complex technology that is increasingly impacting various aspects of daily life, including education. While AI might present opportunities for enhancing teaching and learning, it also poses potential risks and challenges related to its implications on human behavior, child development, and the overall socio-economic conditions of those invoked. Thus, regulating AI in educational contexts is crucial...

It has been argued that, when deployed in educational settings, Al-enabled technologies have the potential to support diverse learners, including children and lifelong learners, as well as those who have special needs. Data analytics might also offer insights into the learning process, while voice assistants and adaptive tutoring might have the potential to foster more inclusive education.

However, it is essential to acknowledge also the potential negative impacts of Al-enabled technologies on education. Poor pedagogic practices might be automated, and existing biases and discriminatory approaches could be perpetuated and disseminated, along with disinformation and misinformation. This could result in disempowering both teachers and students and could undermine human rights, in particular the right to quality education. Moreover, there is a risk of devaluing certain important aspects of education, in particular the role and the tasks of teachers as educators, incrementing the mistrust in their capacity to teach in a digital and Al learning environment. Additionally, an overemphasis on easily measurable skills rather than promoting humanistic values such as collaboration, critical thinking, ethics, and democratic ideals that are harder to assess also poses a threat to quality education. The scarcity of independent evidence for the efficacy, impact, or safety of Al-enabled technologies in educational settings necassiets proper investigation through common standards an international review system of such technologies.

Over the past decade, significant strides have been made in digital transformation within European education systems. The Digital Citizenship Education (DCE) program, based on the 20 Competences for Democratic Culture, has provided valuable policy guidance and practical tools to member States. The Recommendation CM/Req(2019)10 on developing and promoting

Mandate by Ministries of Education:

- 1. International convention as European law for AIED
- 2. Recommendation for AI Literacy

https://opening-up.education/artificial-intelligence-and-education

Session 1: Intro & Scene Setting

Q1. Which regulations of AI and education do you know?

Q2. Which guidelines for AI and education have you to follow?

Al Act

European Convention (Treaty 225)

GDPR

UNESCO Guidelines for Students

UNESCO Guidelines for Teachers

UNESCO HE Sustainable Development

European Guidelines for different target groups:

https://ethicalai.ecompetence.eu/

German Guidelines for different target groups:

https://ethischeki.ecompetence.eu/

China: Regulations for schools

Brazilian Al plan (development guidelines) and several Brazilian universities

Study on AI policies in eight countries:

https://doi.org/10.9781/ijimai.2025.02.011

ETS, Australia: internal policies + guidelines

France: University of Orléans

OECD.ai

Europe versus China

Different countries with different norms ->philosophies, different protective standards,

Academics look foolish

ChatGPT came so quickly

Maybe likely that ChatGPT can disappear due to energy + water consumption forecast

Different ways of thinking in countries, even in same discipline + organization

Ban of AI is under discussion

GenAl only? Difficult to define

Tipping point when ChatGPT was used

Negative impact of AI is focused more + more, positive aspects are not seen

Just the contrary: Hype instead of serious discussion about risks and negative impact by AI

Supervision of Al users

Rating of reliability of Al

Different levels of data at risk

Workshop Session 2: World Café

Session 2: World Café

Procedure at the tables:

- 1. Reading the open question and clarifying it
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- **3. Sorting** of all collected contributions in open discussion and clustering them

Document your results & send them to stracke@uni-bonn.de

Session 2: World Café

Questions for the three tables:

- 1. What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?
- 2. Which regulation pillars are needed for **AI use in** education?
- 3. Which dimensions, competences and tasks should **Al literacy** focus and include?

Think about positive and negative aspects to be addressed.

Workshop Session 3: Plenary

Session 3: Plenary

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Q2: Which regulation pillars are needed for AI use in education?

Q3: Which dimensions, competences and tasks for AI literacy?

Presenting the sorted and clustered contributions

Discussing and reflecting them

Workshop Session 3: WG 1 Results

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

All should not mislead people, providing false information and manipulation. This is a priority / disinformation

Al bias, values used should be clear

Different values and cultures should be respected, avoid cultural erasement

Risks of Polarization

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Promote democracy

Transparency

Identify attitudes, values that are behind LLMs (prepare collections of questions to identify this)

Technical issues on the models should be transparent/explainable

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Differentiate outputs that are Facts from hypotheses/predictions (perhaps we can have flags for bias/hypotheses/predictions)

Being fair should be a priority for any Al

Public education should use public, open models

Q2: Which regulation pillars are needed for AI use in education?

Education goals should come before any technology

Stakeholders (teachers, parents, students, school staff, government) need to be involved in the design of AI used in education

Ai literacy and risks should be part of school content

Q2: Which regulation pillars are needed for AI use in education?

Institutions should be free to choose when, how, and if students should make use of AI during school time/in school tasks.

Risks of students' premature exposure to AI should be mapped

Q3: Which dimensions, competences and tasks for AI literacy?

Dimensions:

- Ethics
- Data protection, privacy and security issues
- Models
- Applications and tools
- Risks (bias etc)

Q3: Which dimensions, competences and tasks for AI literacy?

Dimensions (continued):

- Design
- Human agency
- Environment impacts

Q3: Which dimensions, competences and tasks for AI literacy?

Competencies:

- Creativity
- Critical Thinking
- Identifying risks, bias, untrue results...
- Being aware of main issues (how trustful is AI?)
- Self regulation

Q3: Which dimensions, competences and tasks for AI literacy?

Tasks:

- Evaluation/comparison of results
- Evaluation/comparison of process to produce results (with and without AI)
- Optimization (efficiency, quality)
- Discussion about Al impacts, results, processes, ethics ...

Q3: Which dimensions, competences and tasks for AI literacy?

Tasks (continued):

Institutions should be free to choose when, how, and if students should make use of AI during school time/in school tasks.

Risks of students' premature exposure to AI should be mapped

Workshop Session 3: WG 2 Results

Q1: What should **Ethics of Al and Education** cover?

Establishing understanding, what exists, what is happening, what should be happening

- What is Al,
- What is not Al
- What is ML

History of Al

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Case studies and examples of how things have gone wrong or places where bad practices have been called out (e.g. facial recognition for recidivism, zip codes for predicting knowledge, Robodebt, ImageNetRoulette)

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

What level of error would be acceptable? What can we measure error with? Error? Outcomes, Learning, Decisions supported, Use of the algorithmic process, explainability, Data quality and bias

Where should the human and/or responsibility for the system lie?

Black boxes coming from closed development

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Liability of the person making the decision based off of Al... and their lack of knowledge about the Al systems (sometimes due to black boxes, sometimes due to a lack of knowledge about Al per se)

Ways of mitigating bad outcomes and bias: Human in the loop, fairer data, supervised learning, technical democracy, NeurIPS ethics reviews

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Practical or virtue ethics (vs deontological vs consequential...)

The different legislative frameworks, their impact and interactions

GDPR, AI Act, Council of Europe Treaty 225, Data protection act...

Q1: What should Ethics of AI and Education cover?

Who is the stakeholder to which the AI will get applied (e.g. children, ...) and what are their implicit rights? (e.g. right of the child)

Use - Stakeholder

\ /

Technology

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Providers, Deployers... who they are and what their responsibility is

Al regulation

Who is the target

Wrongs and rights

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Cultural expectations and dependencies in ethics (China, vs Europe, vs USA vs... not more or less ethical, but more different)

- Differences
- Overlaps what can be shared?

Q1: What should **Ethics of AI and Education** cover?

Development of tools that are ethical but profitable

Power relations

Workshop Session 4: Closing

Session 4: Closing

Collecting & documenting participants' input for the future work of the Council of Europe and its AI&ED Expert Group

Envisioning & defining next steps, directions and activities

Concluding with a wrap up

Al and Education

Interested? Contact me!



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and many more, all are openly and freely available at: http://www.opening-up.education

Let us cooperate!



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Thank you for your attention!

Interested? What are your questions?



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